Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 1 / 11

Page n. 1 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021) ΕN

Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Code: BOOSTER_ACID
Product name BOOSTER ACID

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Acid cleaner

 Identified Uses
 Industrial
 Professional
 Consumer

 CLEANING AND WASHING
 ✓
 ✓

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name TENAX SPA
Full address Via I Maggio, 226
District and Country 37020 Volar

District and Country 37020 Volargne (VR)

Italy

Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6862456

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet msds@tenax.it

Supplier: Tenax Usa

7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US

Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166

info@tenaxusa.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Infotrac

US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053

Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, category 4 Skin corrosion, category 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Combustible liquid.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.



Hazard pictograms:

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H227 Combustible liquid.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

Tenax

TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 2 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021) ΕN

2. Hazards identification .../>>

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Wash the hands thoroughly after handling. P264

Response:

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do Continue rinsina

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. P303+P361+P353

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor if you feel unwell.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish. P370+P378

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

2.2. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification:

PHOSPHORIC ACID

INDEX 015-011-00-6 $24 \le x < 26$ Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 H290, Acute toxicity,

category 4 H302, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage,

category 1 H318

EC 231-633-2 CAS 7664-38-2

REACH Reg. 01-2119485924-24-XXXX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

@EPY 11.5.1 - SDS 1004.14

^{*} There is a batch to batch variation.



Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 3 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

5. Fire-fighting measures .../>>

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

Combustion products: POx and H2O.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available



Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 4 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA NIOSH-REL NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.

USA OSHA-PEL Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

(PELs).

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

PHOSPHORIC ACID							
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	1		3			
OEL	EU	1		2			
OSHA	USA	1					
CAL/OSHA	USA	1		3			
NIOSH	USA	1		3			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Sampling methods: https://amcaw.ifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/094-phosphoric acid 2016.pdf

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect hands with work gloves for protection from chemical agents in nitrile or fluoroelastomer (EN 374-1: 2016) at least type B or higher based on the risk assessment carried out by the company. Breakthrough time> 480 minutes.

Material thickness:

NITRILE

short contact> 0.38 mm prolonged contact> 0.55 mm FLUOROELASTOMER short contact> 0.50 mm



TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 5 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

prolonged contact> 1.50 mm

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Information

Appearance liquid
Colour pink
Odour characteristic
Odour threshold not available

pH 2.1

Melting point / freezing point not available
Initial boiling point not available
Boiling range not available

Flash point > 90 °C (194 °F)

Evaporation rate not available Flammability not available Lower inflammability limit not available Upper inflammability limit not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Vapour pressure not available not available Vapour density Relative density 1.22 g/cm3 Solubility soluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature not available Viscosity not available Explosive properties not available

Oxidising properties **9.2. Other information**

VOC: 0,01 % - 0,05 g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Decomposes at temperatures above 200°C/392°F.

Reacts with: Strong alkalis. Risk of formation of a highly flammable gas (hydrogen) in case of contact with metals.

not available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Risk of explosion on contact with: nitromethane. May react dangerously with: alkalis, sodium borohydride.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Incompatible with: metals, strong alkalis, aldehydes, organic sulphides, peroxides.

Non-noble metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products



TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 6 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

PHOSPHORIC ACID

May develop: phosphoryl oxides.

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

PHOSPHORIC ACID

LD50 (Oral): LD50 (Dermal): LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders): 1530 mg/kg Rat 2740 mg/kg Rabbit > 0.85 mg/l/1h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

PHOSPHORIC ACID
Not mutagenic. OECD 471/473/476

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Fertility: NOAEL ≥ 500 mg/kg bw/day, rat, OECD 422

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Developmental Toxicity: NOAEL: ≥ 410 mg/kg bw, rat, OECD 422.



Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023
Page n. 7 / 11
Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

ΕN

11. Toxicological information .../>>

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

PHOSPHORIC ACID

EC50 invertebrates, Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 EC50 plants, Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

PHOSPHORIC ACID

LC50 - for Fish 75.1 mg/l/96h Oryzias latipes

EC50 - for Crustacea > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

> 100 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

12.2. Persistence and degradability

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Solubility in water > 850000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Information not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.



TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 8 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1805

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION IMDG: PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION IATA: PHOSPHORIC ACID, SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantities: 5 L IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 856
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 852

Special provision: A3, A803

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

All components of this product are listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are exempt from the listing / notification requirements.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.



TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 9 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

15. Regulatory information .../>>

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

EPCRA 313 TRI:

No component(s) listed.

RCRA Code:

No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:

No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

Minnesota:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

New Jersey:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

New York:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

Pennsylvania:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

California:

7664-38-2 PHOSPHORIC ACID (Phosphorous compounds)

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None



TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 10 / 11

Page n. 10 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H227Combustible liquid.H290May be corrosive to metals.H302Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".



TENAX SPA BOOSTER ACID

Revision nr.5 Dated 5/25/2023 Printed on 9/20/2023 Page n. 11 / 11 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 1/7/2021)

16. Other information .../>>

- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/05/08/09/10/11/12/16.