

Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 1 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	SOLIDO QUARZO
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or m	ixture and uses advised against
Intended use	Polyester glue.
Identified Uses	Industrial Professional Consumer
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE SECTOR	 ✓ ✓
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Product distribution by:	Tenax Spa Via I Maggio, 226 37020 Volargne (VR) Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6862456 msds@tenax.it Tenax Usa 7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US
	Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166 info@tenaxusa.com
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
For urgent inquiries refer to	Infotrac US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053 Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement Flammable liquid, category 3 Carcinogenicity, category 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Skin sensitization, category 1A

Hazard pictograms:



Flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.



2. Hazards identification ...

Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements: H226 H351 H361 H372 H319 H315 H317	Flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements Prevention: P210	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280 P270	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P264	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.
P240	Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / / equipment.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response:	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
P314	Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water /
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 P363	In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:	Wash containinated clothing before reuse.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

2.2. Other hazards

Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification:
STYRENE		
CAS	100-42-5 11 ≤ x < 12	Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361, Acute toxicity, category 4 H332, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 H372, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412
EC	202-851-5	
INDEX	601-026-00-0	
TITANIUM D	OXIDE	
CAS EC INDEX	13463-67-7 3.5 ≤ x < 4 236-675-5	Carcinogenicity, category 2 H351



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 3 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

DIISOPROPA	NOL-PARA-TO	DLUIDINE	
CAS	38668-48-3	0.1 ≤ x < 0.4	Acute toxicity, category 2 H300, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412
EC INDEX	254-075-1		
MALEIC ANH	YDRIDE		
CAS	108-31-6	0.001 ≤ x < 0.05	Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 H372, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Respiratory sensitization, category 1 H334, Skin sensitization, category 1A H317
EC	203-571-6		
INDEX	607-096-00-9	9	
* There is a bat	tch to batch va	riation.	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 4 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

6. Accidental release measures

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA USA USA	NIOSH-REL OSHA-PEL CAL/OSHA-PEL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007. Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000. California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits
		(PELs).
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2020

				ST	YRENE		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	10		20			
OSHA	USA		100		200 (C)		
CAL/OSHA	USA	215	50	425 (C)	500 (C)	SKIN	
NIOSH	USA	215	50	425	100		



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 5 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

3. Exposure controls/personal protection / >>

				TITANI	JM DIOXIDE		
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	10					
OSHA	USA	15				INHAL	
CAL/OSHA	USA	10				INHAL	
CAL/OSHA	USA	5				RESP	

					TALC		
Threshold Limit Value							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	2					
OSHA	USA		20				
OSHA	USA	30				INHAL	
OSHA	USA	10				RESP	
CAL/OSHA	USA	2				RESP	
NIOSH	USA	2				RESP	

				MALEIC	ANHYDRID		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	0.01	0.0025				
OSHA	USA	1	0.25				
CAL/OSHA	USA	0.4	0.1				
NIOSH	USA	1	0.25				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect hands with work gloves for protection from chemical agents in nitrile or neoprene (EN 374-1: 2016) at least type B or higher based on the risk assessment carried out by the company



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 6 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value Infor	mation
Appearance	paste	
Colour	as showed in color folder	
Odour	typical	
Odour threshold	Not available	
pH	Not available	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Boiling range	Not available	
Flash point	32 °C (89,6 °F)	
Evaporation Rate	Not available	
Flammability of solids and gases	Not available	
Lower inflammability limit	Not available	
Upper inflammability limit	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Vapour density	Not available	
Relative density	1.85 g/cc	
Solubility	insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
Decomposition temperature	Not available	
Viscosity	tixotropico	
Explosive properties	Not available	
Oxidising properties	Not available	
9.2. Other information		
VOC :	11,74 % - 217,26 g/litre	

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

STYRENE

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F.Fire hazard.Possibility of explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides, strong acids. May polymerise on contact with: aluminium

trichloride, azobisisobutyronitrile, dibenzoyl peroxide, sodium. Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium, chlorosulphuric acid, diterbutyl peroxide, oxidising substances, oxygen.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances,copper,strong acids.

10.5. Incompatible materials

STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 7 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

TITANIUM DIOXIDE
LD50 (Oral)
LD50 (Dermal)
LC50 (Inhalation)

STYRENE LD50 (Oral) LC50 (Inhalation)

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal)

DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) > 5000 mg/kg Ratto> 10000 mg/kg Coniglio> 6.82 mg/l/4h Ratto

5000 mg/kg Rat 11.8 mg/l/4h Rat

400 mg/kg Rat 610 mg/kg Rat

> 25 mg/kg rat > 2000 mg/kg rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Suspected of causing cancer

Carcinogenicity Assessment: 100-42-5



11. Toxicological information ... / >

	STYRENE ACGIH:: A4 IARC:2B
13463-67-7	NTP: Reasonably Anticipated
	ACGIH:: A4
	IARC:2B
64-17-5	ETHANOL
	ACGIH:: A3
	IARC:1
67-63-0	PROPAN-2-OL
	IARC:3
108-31-6	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE
	ACGIH:: A4

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: tixotropico

12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	
	LC50 - for Fish	> 1000 mg/l/96h
	EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1000 mg/l/48h Daphnia
	EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 61 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
	DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE	
	LC50 - for Fish	17 mg/l/96h Brachydanio rerio
	EC50 - for Crustacea	28.8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna
	EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	245 mg/l/72h Desmodesmus subspicatus
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
	TITANIUM DIOXIDE	
	Solubility in water Degradability: information not available	< 0.001 mg/l
	STYRENE	
	Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	320 mg/l



12. Ecological information ... / >:

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	
Solubility in water Entirely degradable	> 10000 mg/l
DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE	
Solubility in water NOT rapidly degradable	7000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
STYRENE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2.96
BCF	74
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	-2.78
DIISOPROPANOL-PARA-TOLUIDINE	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	2.1
12.4. Mobility in soil	
STYRENE	
Partition coefficient: soil/water	2.55

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1866

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 450 litres, is not subject to ADR regulations as stated in 2.2.3.1.5.

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 30 litres, is not subject to obligations relating to marking, labelling and package testing in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG CODE.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

RESIN SOLUTION
RESIN SOLUTION
RESIN SOLUTION



14. Transport information ... / >

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:

IMDG:

IATA:

HIN - Kemler: 30 Special provision: -EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Cargo: Pass.: Special provision: Limited Quantities: 5 L

Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 220 L Maximum quantity: 60 L A3 Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA: All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):100-42-5STYRENE25322-68-3POLYETHYLENGLYCOL (Glycol ethers)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): No component(s) listed.



15. Regulatory information ... / >

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): No component(s) listed.		
EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code: 100-42-5 STYRENE		
25322-68-3 POLYETHYLENGLYCOL (Glycol ethers)		
EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: No component(s) listed.		
EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: No component(s) listed.		
CERCLA RQ: 100-42-5 STYRENE		
EPCRA 313 TRI: 100-42-5 STYRENE 25322-68-3 POLYETHYLENGLYCOL (Glycol ethers)		
RCRA Code: No component(s) listed.		
CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.		
State Regulations		
Massachussetts: STYRENE 100-42-5 STYRENE 13463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE (Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size)) 14807-96-6 TALC		
Minnesota:100-42-5STYRENE13463-67-7TITANIUM DIOXIDE (Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size))14807-96-6TALC25322-68-3POLYETHYLENGLYCOL (Glycol ethers)		
New Jersey:100-42-5STYRENE13463-67-7TITANIUM DIOXIDE (Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size))14807-96-6TALC25322-68-3POLYETHYLENGLYCOL (Glycol ethers)25322-68-3POLYETHYLENGLYCOL (Glycol ethers)		
New York: 100-42-5 STYRENE		
Pennsylvania:100-42-5STYRENE13463-67-7TITANIUM DIOXIDE (Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size))		
California: 100-42-5 STYRENE 14807-96-6 TALC		
Proposition 65: WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or reproductive harm. 100-42-5 STYRENE C 13463-67-7 TITANIUM DIOXIDE C (Titanium dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size))		
International Regulations Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None		
Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:		
INDITE CEPY	10 F	



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 12 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

15. Regulatory information ... / >

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H226	
	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H300	Fatal if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597



Revision nr.5 Dated 4/26/2021 Printed on 4/26/2021 Page n. 13 / 13 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 2/16/2021)

16. Other information .../

- Cal/OSHA website- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 09 / 11 / 14 / 15.