Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 1 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

# 1. Identification

### 1.1. Product identifier

**SOLIDO TRASPARENTE H1** Product name

Chemical name and synonym TRANSPARENT GLUE IN UNSATURED POLYESTER RESIN

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

TRANSPARENT GLUE IN UNSATURED POLYESTER RESIN.

Identified Hose	la di sa		Duefeesiensl	Canauman			
Identified Uses ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE	Indust	riai	Professional	Consumer			
SECTOR			-/	_			
SECTOR	-		✓	-			
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet							
Name	Tenax	Spa					
Full address		laggio, 226					
District and Country	37020	Volargne		(VR)			
		Italy					
	Tel.	+39 045 6887593					
	Fax	+39 045 6862456					
e-mail address of the competent person							
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	msds(	@tenax.it					
Product distribution by:	Tenax	llea					
r roduct distribution by.	7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US						
	Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166						
	into@	tenaxusa.com					
1.4. Emergency telephone number							
For urgent inquiries refer to	Infotra	ıc					
2 - 5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		.c d Canada: 1-800-53	5-5053				
		-352-323-3500					
		30E -020-0000					

# 2. Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

info@infotrac.net

Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,

category 1

Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 2 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

#### Hazards identification

Hazard statements:

Flammable liquid and vapour. H226

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H372

Causes serious eye irritation. H319 Causes skin irritation. H315

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

Obtain special instructions before use. P201 P233 Keep container tightly closed.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. P280

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 Wash the hands thoroughly after handling. P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / . . . / equipment.

Response:

P243

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

P314 Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell. P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention. If eve irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention. P337+P313

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water / . .

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P370+P378 In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

### 2.2. Other hazards

Information not available

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Classification: Identification Conc. %

**STYRENE** 

100-42-5 31.606 Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361, CAS

Acute toxicity, category 4 H332, Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 H372, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin irritation, category 2 H315

FC 202-851-5 INDEX 601-026-00-0

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

# 4. First-aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 3 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

#### 4. First-aid measures .../>>

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**GENERAL INFORMATION** 

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

# 6. Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# 7. Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 4 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

### 7. Handling and storage .../>

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA NIOSH-REL NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.

USA OSHA-PEL Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

(PELs).

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2019

	STYRENE												
Threshold Limit Value													
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min								
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm								
TLV-ACGIH	-	85	20	170	40								
OSHA	USA		100		200 (C)								
CAL/OSHA	USA	215	50	425 (C)	500 (C)	SKIN							
NIOSH	USA	215	50	425	100								

Legend:

 $(C) = CEILING \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} INHAL = Inhalable \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} RESP = Respirable \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction \hspace*{0.2cm} ; \hspace*{0.2cm} THORA = Thoracic \hspace*{0.2cm} Fraction.$ 

TLV of solvent mixture: 85 mg/m3

# 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 5 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value Information

Appearance PASTE
Colour YELLOW-RED
Odour typical
Odour threshold Not available
pH Not available
Melting point / freezing point Not available
Initial boiling point Not available

Boiling range Not available Flash point 32 °C (89,6 °F)

**Evaporation Rate** Not available Not available Flammability of solids and gases Lower inflammability limit Not available Not available Upper inflammability limit Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Relative density

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity Not available
Explosive properties Not available
Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC: 31,67 % - 347,67 g/litre

# 10. Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

### STYRENE

Polymerises at temperatures above 65°C/149°F.Fire hazard.Possibility of explosion.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

### STYRENE

May react dangerously with: peroxides,strong acids. May polymerise on contact with: aluminium trichloride,azobisisobutyronitrile,dibenzoyl peroxide,sodium. Risk of explosion on contact with: butyllithium,chlorosulphuric acid,diterbutyl peroxide,oxidising substances,oxygen.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

### STYRENE

Avoid contact with: oxidising substances, copper, strong acids.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

### STYRENE

Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 6 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

### 10. Stability and reactivity .../

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

STYRENE LD50 (Oral) LC50 (Inhalation)

5000 mg/kg Rat 11.8 mg/l/4h Rat

# SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Carcinogenicity Assessment:

100-42-5 STYRENE

ACGIH:: A4 IARC:2B

NTP: Reasonably Anticipated

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 7 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

### 11. Toxicological information .../>>

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

# 12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

STYRENE

Solubility in water 320 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**STYRENE** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.96

BCF 74

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

STYRENE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2.55

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# 13. Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# 14. Transport information

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 8 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

### 14. Transport information .../>

# 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1866

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 450 litres, is not subject to ADR regulations as stated in 2.2.3.1.5.

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 30 litres, is not subject to obligations relating to marking, labelling and package testing in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG CODE.

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: RESIN SOLUTION IMDG: RESIN SOLUTION IATA: RESIN SOLUTION

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special Provision: IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special Instructions: A3

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# 15. Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b): 100-42-5 STYRENE

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 9 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

# 15. Regulatory information .../>>

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

100-42-5 STYRENE

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

100-42-5 STYRENE

EPCRA 313 TRI:

100-42-5 STYRENE

RCRA Code:

No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:

No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

100-42-5 STYRENE

Minnesota:

100-42-5 STYRENE

New Jersey:

100-42-5 STYRENE

New York:

100-42-5 STYRENE

Pennsylvania:

100-42-5 STYRENE

California:

100-42-5 STYRENE

Proposition 65:

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or reproductive harm.

100-42-5 STYRENE C

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 10 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

### 15. Regulatory information .../>>

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Candadian WHMIS
Information not available

# 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

**H361** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

**H372** Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

#### LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

# GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)

Revision nr.4 Dated 12/17/2018 Printed on 11/11/2020 Page n. 11 / 11 Replaced revision:3 (Dated 3/8/2018)

### 16. Other information .../>>

- IARC website- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a quarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.